		Your score out of 100 marks		
	RAFFLES GIRLS' PRIMARY SCHOOL SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT (1)	Highest score	Class	Level
	2010	Average score		
Name :	Index No.:Class: P4	Parent's signature		···· ·

SCIENCE

ATT: 1 h 30 min

SECTION A (30 x 2 marks)

7th May 2010

1.0

For each question from 1 to 30, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade the correct oval on the Optical Answer Sheet (OAS) provided.

1. Which one of the following situations does **NOT** show that a living thing responds to changes in its surroundings?

(1) The cat died of old age.

(2) The frightened boy screamed loudly for help.

(3) The zebra runs away when it spots a cheetah.

(4) The mimosa plant folds up its leaves when touched.

2. The diagram below shows an animal.



Based on your observations, which one of the following describes the animal correctly?

	number of body parts	number of legs
(1)	two	six
(2)	two	eight
(3)	three	six
(4)	three	eight

Jane, Joanne and Josh each gave a statement about the animal shown below.



Jane It has fins.

Joanne : It eats plants only.

Josh : It is covered with scales.

Based on their observations of the fish, which of these children made the correct statement(s) about the fish?

- (1) Jane only
- (2) Josh only
- (3) Jane and Josh only
- (4) Joanne and Josh only

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3.

Ali was given 4 different types of leaves as shown below.



The leaf was described as follows:



Which of these leaves, W, X, Y and/ or Z match(es) the descriptions above?

(1) Wonly

4.

- (2) W and X only
- (3) X and Z only
- (4) Y and Z only

Three different types of leaves, A, B and C, are shown below.



Which one of the following shows the correct classification of these leaves?

How are the leaves	Group	Group
classified?	1.	2
according to their shapes	A, B	· C
according to their edges	B, C	A
according to their vein patterns	A, B	C
according to their textures	B, C	A

т.,

6.

5.

Two different types of living things are shown below.



Both types of living things, X and Y, share some characteristics.

Which of the following characteristics describe both living things X and Y correctly?

- A Both feed on dead matter.
- B Both reproduce from spores.
- C Both cannot make their own food.
- D Both respond to changes in their surroundings.
- (1) A and B only (2) A and D only
- (3) B and C only (4) A, B, C and D

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Four different body systems found in a human body are shown below.

Based on the systems shown above, answer guestions 7, 8 and 9.

ź.

Which system enables the body to move?

(1) W (2) X

(3) Y

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Z

(4)

8.

Ravi described one of the human body's systems as follows:

- It cannot move body parts.
- It does not support the body.
- Wastes can be found in this system.
- Absorption of nutrients takes place in this system.

Which one of these body systems matches Ravi's descriptions?

(1)	W	(2)	Х	
(3)	Y	(4)	Ż	

9.

Which of the following statements about the system, Y, is/ are true?

- A It takes in air.
- B It allows gaseous exchange to take place.

C Part of the air is passed to the blood of system X.

. (4)

(1) A only

(2) A and C only

A, B and C

(3) B and C only

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A human body system consists of the parts shown in the diagram below.



Based on the diagram above, answer questions 10 and 11.

- 10. Which one of the following statements about the system is incorrect?
 - (1) Digestive juices in part B help to digest the food.
 - (2) Digested food in part C is absorbed by the body.
 - (3) Part D removes water from the undigested food.
 - (4) Saliva found in part A does not help to digest the food.
- 11. Which one of the following statements about part C is correct?
 - (1) Digestion of food ends here.
 - (2) Digestive juices are absent here.
 - (3) Partial digestion of food takes place here.
 - (4) Water in the undigested food is removed here.

The parts of a plant, W, X, Y and Z, are labelled as shown in the diagram below.



Based on the diagram above, answer guestions 12 and 13.

12.

Which one of these parts keeps the plant upright?

(1)	W		•	-	(2)	Х
(3)	Y	•			(4)	Ζ

13. Which one of the following gives the functions of these parts, X and Z, correctly?

	X	Z
(1)	to make food for us	to hold the plant firmly to the ground
(2)	to hold the plant firmly to the ground	to provide food for us
3)	to make food for the plant	to hold the plant firmly to the ground
4)	to store food for its young	to provide food for us

14. Sarah put a plant with flowers into a beaker of red-coloured water.



Sarah noticed that the flowers of the plant turned red after a day.

Which one of the following statements Sarah made of the plant is correct?

- (1) The roots need sunlight to make food for the plant.
- (2) The roots transport food made by the leaves to the flowers.
- (3) The roots carry water and minerals from the plant to the flowers.
- (4) The roots absorb the coloured water which is transported to the flowers.
- 15. Sam prepared 4 set-ups (as shown below) to conduct an experiment to find out if plant X can survive without its roots.



Which pair of these set-ups shown above should Sam choose to conduct a fair test for his experiment?

(1)	G and H	•	-	(2)	Gand 1
(3)	H and J			(4)	I and J

Kumar wanted to compare the growth of shoot of two different types of seeds, X and Y.

He planted 10 of each type of seeds in 2 identical pots and tabulated his findings as shown below.

	a	verage le	ength of s	hoot of g	jerminati	ng seeds	(cm)
number of days	0	2	4	6	8	10	12
seed X	0	1	3	5	7	9	11
seed Y	0	2	5	8	11	14	17

Based on the information above, answer guestions 16 and 17.

16. Which one of the following graphs shows correctly Kumar's findings?



- 17. Which of the following conclusions Kumar made about his experiment is / are correct?
 - A Seeds X and Y germinated after day 0.
 - B Seedlings Y grew faster than seedlings X.
 - C Seedlings X grew more healthily than seedlings Y.
 - D Seeds X took a longer time to germinate than seeds Y.
 - (1) A and B only (2) A and C only
 - (3) B and D only (4) A, B and D only

18. Darren classified some objects into two groups as shown in the diagram below.



Which one of the following gives the correct examples of objects A, B and C correctly?

Α	В	C
ice cube	rubber band	nail
nail	ice cube	plastic straw
rubber band	leather belt	stone
ice cube	stone	rubber band

19. The flow chart below shows how some materials are differentiated.



Which one of the following identifies correctly the questions in boxes X and Y?

	X	Y
)	Does it come from animals?	Is it a man-made material?
<u>)</u>	Does it come from plants?	Is it hard?
)	Is it hard?	Does it come from plants?
)	Does it sink in water?	Does it come from plants?

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20. Johnson had a kettle with its parts labelled: W, X and Y. W, X and Y are made of a different material.



Which one of the following shows the most suitable materials used for W, X and Y?

Γ	W	X	Y
(1)	glass	plastics	metal
(2)	plastics	rubber	plastics
(3)	plastics	plastics	metal
(4)	metal	plastics	metal

21. 3 rods, X, Y and Z, were of the same length and thickness. Each of these rods was made of a different material. All were left to stand in a basin of red-coloured water as shown in the diagram below.



After a few hours, the 3 rods were removed from the basin of red-coloured water. Each of the rods was dried and the part where it was immersed in the red-coloured water was examined. The results were shown below.



What can be concluded from the experiment?

- A Rod X is made of a waterproof material.
- B Material of rod Z is the least waterproof.
- C Materials used to make the 3 rods are waterproof.
- D Material of rod Y is more waterproof than material of rod X.
- (1) Conly

(2) D only

(3) A and B only

(4) B and D only

22. Estelle used a piece of glass to scratch on 3 different types of materials, A, B and C, ONE at a time.

materialobservation(s)AFaint scratch marks were seen.BDeep scratch marks were seen.CNo scratch marks were seen.

She recorded her observations in the table below.

12.20	
1.00	

Which one of the following shows the correct order of hardness in which these materials were arranged?

	increa	sing har	dness
).	A	В	С
	A	C	В
	В	A	C
÷	C	B	A

23. Jing Xuan had a spoonful of jam on a spoon as shown below.



Jing Xuan spread all the jam on a piece of bread.

Which one of the following properties of the jam did Jing Xuan change?

- (1) its mass (2) its shape
- (3) its texture

(4) its volume

24. The table below shows three different types of matter and their properties at room temperature.

A UCK (γ) if	n the box sho	ws the presence	of the propert	y stated at room
temperature.			•••	,
			41	

	properties				
type of matter	takes up space	has a definite shape	does not have a definite volume	can be compressed	
A	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$				
В	\checkmark	1			
С	1		1	1	

Which one of the following identifies the states of matter A, B and C correctly?

•	A	B	.C
	solid	liquid	gas
	solid	gas	liquid
	liquid	solid	gas
ſ	gas	liquid	solid

Dorcus put a different number of identical marbles, ONE at a time, into a pan and recorded the change in the length of the spring in the table below.



Based on the information above, answer questions 25 and 26.

number of marbles	length of spring (cm)
0	10
5	12
?	14
15	16
20	18

25.

What was the original length of the spring?

(1)	7 cm		(2)	10 cm
(3)	12 cm	· .	(4)	18 cm

26. How many marbles did Dorcus put in the pan when the length of the spring was 14 cm?

nas	14 0011				
(1)	7	→ .	(2)	8	
(3)	9	· .	(4)	10	

27. Ravi filled a container to its spout with 50 cm³ of water. An empty beaker, which collected the overflowing water from the container, was placed directly below the sprout of the container as shown in **Diagram 1**.



Two identical objects, A and B, each with a volume of 8 cm³, were dropped gently into the container of water. The beaker collected the overflowed water from the spout of the container as shown in **Diagram 2**.

What was the volume of water collected in the beaker?

(1)	8 cm ³		(2)	16 cm ³
(3)	34 cm³		(4)	50 cm ³

28. Genna put some water into a syringe and placed her finger at one end of it as shown in the diagram below.



She tried to push in the plunger with her thumb but she found that she could NOT do so.

Which one of the following explains correctly why Genna could **NOT** push in the plunger?

- (1) Water has no definite volume.
- (2) Water cannot be compressed.
- (3) Water cannot change its shape.
- (4) The plunger cannot change its volume.

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29. A beaker was filled to the brim with water. Some ice-cubes were added to the beaker of water as shown in the diagram below.



Why did the water overflow when some ice cubes were added?

(1) The volume of water in the beaker decreased.

1 2 12

- (2) The ice cubes took up space in the beaker of water.
- (3) The ice cubes added mass to the water in the beaker.
- (4) The water and ice cubes in the beaker could be compressed.
- 30. A piece of tissue paper was stuck at the base of a glass beaker. The glass beaker was inverted and pushed directly downwards (indicated by the arrow) over a basin of blue-coloured water as shown below.



The piece of tissue paper remained dry when the inverted glass beaker was pushed directly into the basin of blue-coloured water.

Which one of the following statements explains why the piece of tissue paper remained dry?

- (1) The inverted glass beaker occupied space in the basin.
- (2) Compressed air took up space in the inverted glass beaker.
- (3) The tissue paper took up space in the inverted glass beaker.
- (4) Water could not be compressed to fill the inverted glass beaker.

SECTION B (40 marks)

For questions 31 to 44, write your answers clearly in the spaces provided.

The number of marks available is shown in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The table below lists the characteristics of four different living things A, B, C 31. and D.

A tick ($\sqrt{}$) in each box indicates the characteristic which the living thing has.

characteristic of living thing		living thing			
	A	B	Ċ	D	
needs water to survive	1	V	Ň	. 1	
has hair		 	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$		
takes in dissolved oxygen through its gills		1			
can trap sunlight	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$				
has 6 legs and 3 body parts	<u> </u>			$\overline{}$	
can move about from place to place		1	1	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	
reproduces by spores	1	<u>-</u>			

Based on the information above, answer the following questions:

Classify the four living things, A, B, C and D, using the diagram below. (a)

Write the letters, A, B, C and D, ONCE only in the appropriate boxes below. You do NOT need to fill in all the boxes.

[2]



(b) C lays eggs. Give an example of C.

. .

[1]

(c) Other than those characteristics mentioned in the table <u>on page 20</u>, state **ANOTHER COMMON** characteristic of both living things A and C. [1]

(d) An animal, as shown below, is grouped together with D.



Give **TWO** reasons why the animal shown above cannot be grouped together with D. [2]

REASON 1	
REASON 2	

32. Mrs Sim wanted to find out if the type of soil affects the growth of a plant. She prepared 4 different pots as shown below.

		· · ·
pot filled with an equal amount of soil X	S second second	T
pot filled with an equal amount of soil Y	U	V

(a) Which two of these pots should Mrs Sim use to conduct a fair experiment?

[1]

Pots_____

(b) State **TWO OTHER** variables which Mrs Sim needed to keep the same to conduct a fair test for her experiment. [2]

1 ST VARIABLE			
2 ND VARIABLE	· · ·		

33. Joseph wanted to know whether seedlings can respond to changes in their environment. He set up an experiment using the apparatus as shown below.





Joseph noticed that at the end of his experiment, the seedlings in set-up B grew taller than those seedlings in set-up A.

Based on the information above, answer the following questions:

(a) Name one OTHER difference observed between the seedlings in setups A and B. [1]



(b) Would the seedlings in set-up A grow in the same way as those seedlings in set-up B if there was a similar hole in set-up A?

Explain your answer.

[2]

34. The diagram below shows parts of a body system.



Based on the diagram above, answer the following questions:

(a) Name the part(s) where digestive juices are produced.Write letter(s) A, B, C and/ or D only.

[1]

(b)

Tricia's mother told her to have rice instead of porridge for dinner. Eating porridge would make her go hungry earlier.

Explain why Tricia's mother advised her to have rice for dinner.

[2]

35. The flow chart below shows how gaseous exchange between X and Y takes place in a body system.



Based on the diagram above, answer the following questions:

(a) Identify G and T and label them in the diagram below.Write letters G and T only.



(b) What happens to organ G when the person breathes in?

[1]

[2]

36. The diagram below shows a carrot growing in a container filled with bluecoloured water.



After a day, the carrot was removed and cut as shown in the diagram shown below.



(a) Which one of the following diagrams, X, Y or Z, shows the correct cross-section of the cut carrot from the top view?

CIRCLE the letter X, Y or Z in the box below. [1]



(b) Did the leaves of the carrot turn blue?Explain your answer.

[1]



37. The diagram below shows the tube, Y, found within a plant. --

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38. Peter set up an experiment using the following set-ups, X and Y.



Each set-up consisted of a wooden box with an opening at one of its sides. A brightly-lit lamp was placed at the opening. A similar pot of plant was placed at the centre of the wooden box. Identical wooden boxes and lamps were used.

Based on the information above, answer the following questions:

(a) What was the aim of Peter's experiment?

[1]

Peter had another similar pot of plant in set-up Z as shown below.



set-up Z

- (b) Predict the growth of the pot of plant in set-up Z.
 DRAW in the diagram above the growth of the plant in set-up Z after a week.
- (c) Explain why the plant would grow in such a manner. [1]

39. Ralph grouped some of the non-living things into 2 main groups, S and T, as shown below.



Based on your observations of the non-living things shown above, answer the following questions:

(a) How did Ralph group these non-living things?

Give a suitable sub-heading for each of these groups of non-living things: [2]



(b)

1.76

Which group would Ralph put a padlock in?

Give a reason for your answer.

[2]

40. Mandy wanted to find out which type of paper is most suitable to make bags to carry at least 500 g of the meat balls WITHOUT tearing.

Mandy had a graph which shows the maximum mass of meatballs each type of paper, A, B, C, D and E, can withstand just before it tears as shown below.



Based on the information above, answer the following questions:

(a) Arrange these papers in order of their strength.Write letters A, B, C, D and E ONCE only.



increasing strength

(b)

Which type(s) of paper(s) is/ are NOT suitable to make paper bags to carry 500 g of meatballs?

Give a reason for your answer. [1]

[1]

41. Jaime had 4 similar blocks, A, B, C and D, of the same size. Each of these blocks was made of a different material.

Using the same balance, Jamie compared two of these blocks at a time.

The diagrams below show Jaime's observations.



Based on the information above, answer the following questions:

(a) Arrange these blocks accordingly to their masses, from the lightest to the heaviest.

Write letters B, C and D ONCE only.



Jaime found another object, X, which was heavier than C but lighter than B.

(b) Write letter B, C or X in each appropriate box in the two diagrams below to show clearly the comparison of masses between
 (i) X and B



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[1]

42. Two identical towels balanced on a pole are shown in the diagram below.



50 cm³ of water was sprayed on one of the towels and the pole tilted at an angle as shown below.



Based on the information above, answer the following questions:

- (a) Which one of these towels, A or B, had 50 cm³ of water sprayed on it?
 Give a reason for your answer. [1]
- (b) Immediately after, ANOTHER 100 cm³ of water was sprayed on the OTHER towel.

Predict the direction in which the pole would tilt. LABEL A and B on the correct towels in the diagram below.





Amita had 2 solid metal blocks, X and Y, of the same shape and size. Each of 43. the block was of a different mass as shown in the diagrams below.



Amita lowered block X gently into a measuring cylinder containing 30 cm³ of water. The water level in the cylinder rose as shown in the Diagram 2 below.



Based on the information above, answer the following questions:

Give a reason for your answer.

[1] What was the volume of block X? (a) Amita removed block X. Making sure that the water level in the cylinder (b) remained at 30 cm³, she then put block Y into it. Predict the new water level in the measuring cylinder.

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[1]

44. A syringe containing 20 cm³ of air was inserted into a delivery tube as shown in the diagram below.



The plunger was pushed in completely.

What was the total volume of air in the conical flask after the plunger was pushed in completely?

Give a reason for your answer.

[1]

- END OF PAPER -

Setters: Mrs Elaine Lim, Mr Johnson Ong, Ms

Chong



EXAM PAPER 2010

SCHOOL : RAFFLES GIRLS' PRIMARY SUBJECT : PRIMARY 4 SCIENCE

TERM : SA1

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9:	Q10	Q11	Q12	Q13	Q14	Q15	Q16	Q17
1	3	3_	1	3	4	1	4	4	4	1	3	3	4	2	1	1

Q18	Q19	Q20	Q21	Q22	Q23	Q24	Q25	Q26	Q27	Q28	Q29	Q30
3	2	3	3	3	2	3	1	4	2	2	2	2

31)a)<u>mammal fish insect flowering non-flowering</u> C B D A

C B b)A platypus.

c) They can respond to changes.

d)1)It has only 2 body parts. 2)It has 8 legs.

32)a)S and U

b)1)The amount of water given to the 2 plants.

2)The amount of sunlight given to the 2 plants.

33)a)In set-up B, the plants grew in one direction while in set-up A, they grew n different directions.

b)No. As the glass is transparent, it allows light to pass, through it, so the plant will remain the same, growing in different directions.

34)a)B,C

b)Porridge is watery, as it will get digested faster.

35)a)



b)It enlarges, like a balloon.

36)a)X

b)Yes. When the blue coloured water is absorbed the stem transports the blue water to the leaves.

37)a)Water and mineral salts.

b)It firmly roots the plant to the ground. c)Sunlight.

38)a)It was to find out if plants respond to light.



c)Plants grow towards light to make food.

39)a)S: Made from things which were once alive.

T: Made form things which were never alive.

b)Group T. As a padlock is made out of metal, and metal is never alive, it should be placed under Group T.

40)a)E, B, A, C, D

b)E and B. It is not strong enough to carry the weight of 500g.

41)a)C, B, D b)i)X, B

b)i)X, B ii)C, X

42)a)A. Water has mass. So, towel A tilted down. b)B A

43)a)15cm3.

b)45cm3. As block Y is the same shape and size as block X, it should have the same volume.

44)Air can be compressed. Therefore the volume is still the same.